

FOOD FOR A YEAR

Meats	300 lbs.
Bread	240 lbs.
Fats	100 lbs.
Vegetables	27 lbs.
Other	500 lbs.

This represents a fair ration for a man for one year.

But some people eat and eat and yet grow thinner. This means a defective digestion and unsuitable food. A one-dollar bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

equals in nourishing properties ten pounds of meat. Your physician can tell you how it does it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York

ADMITTS BOOK SWINDLE.

John McFarland Duped Mrs. Patten Out of \$22,700.

Chicago, Dec. 17.—John McFarland, accused of having conspired with Samuel T. Warfield and William N. Cooper to swindle Mrs. James A. Patten, wife of a millionaire grain broker, through the sale of costly editions of books, testified as a witness for the prosecution Tuesday in the trial of Warfield and Cooper. McFarland said he had been a student in Harvard university and afterwards part proprietor of a newspaper in Cambridge, Mass., where he had duped Mrs. Patten out of \$22,700 in the sale of purported to be rare editions through worthless misrepresentations.

THREE NEW MILLS.

Plants Soon to Begin Operation Will Keep City in First Place.

Fall River, Mass., Dec. 17.—Fall River is assured of a continuation in its place as the largest cotton goods center in the country through the erection of three new mills which will all be working soon. These are the Lincoln mill, which is just starting up, and the Davis and Sagamore mills, upon which work has already begun.

When completed, the three mills will add about 150,000 spindles to the total of the city and will give employment to approximately 1,500 operatives.

\$89,000 for Hargis Defense.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 17.—Mrs. Louise Hargis has announced that she has \$89,000 which she is prepared to spend in order to obtain the acquittal of her son, Beach Hargis, charged with the murder of his father. The trial was set for yesterday.

The Mother Should Watch

and at the first symptoms of peevishness, fretfulness, inactivity of the child give it True's Elixir. It brings robust health and rosy cheeks to weak little bodies.

TRUE'S ELIXIR

has been used for nearly 60 years as the good old family remedy for old and young. It expels worms quickly, promptly and effectively, and relieves constipation, bad stomach, feverishness and headaches.

Sold everywhere, 35c, 50c, \$1.00

DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

Hat Pins

made out of Real Roses



Real Rose Hat Pins

Does not seem possible, yet it is true, that these Hat Pins are made out of real roses. Chopped entirely into metal and secret process, preserving every detail of the rose from which each pin is made. They can not break, and will never fade. This discovery is without doubt one of the lost arts of the ancient Egyptians. They are the most beautiful of all Hat Pins. No two are alike. Finished in five colors, to conform to the prevailing fashions in millinery. Made in six sizes, from the smallest rose bud to the full-blown flower. These pins are made by the genuine "DELAHOTHE" secret process, the only process by which an open rose can be perfectly metalized. Don't buy an inferior imitation. All genuine "DELAHOTHE" Hat Pins have the name stamped on the pin.

We have the exclusive sale of "DELAHOTHE" products for this city. See the exhibit in our window of this wonderful discovery.

F. E. BURR & CO., Jewelers

85 North Main St., - Barre, Vt.

SEASON'S VICTIMS

Death Record of Big Game Hunters This Year

TOTAL FATALITIES THIRTY

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Provinces, Thirty Human Beings Were Sacrificed on the Altar of Sport.

Boston, Dec. 17.—The chase of the moose, deer and other game in the three northern states of New England and adjoining Canadian provinces, for the season which closed today, cost the lives of 30 human beings, 27 by firearms, two by drowning and one by falling on a knife.

Two more were killed while hunting in Massachusetts. Scores were crippled or wounded, five or six of whom may yet be added to the list of the dead.

Maine, as usual, leads the list with 16 dead, while six were killed in the provinces and four in Vermont and New Hampshire.

Eleven were killed by the accidental discharge of weapons in the hands of companions; six were mistaken for game and three fatalities were due to the "didn't know it was loaded" excuse. One young hunter was shot by his father, four by brothers, two by cousins, and three by companions not relatives.

In Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont the number of non-resident licenses were considerably below that of last year and the total amount of deer, moose and bear meat taken out of the woods was much below that of the average of several years past.

The list of casualties in three states is as follows:
In Vermont—Rutland, Oct. 8, Joseph LeBlanc, 25; Williston, Oct. 8, Herbert Fortune, 17; Beecher Falls, Nov. 21, Edward Lamieux; Rutland, Dec. 1, Thomas J. Boyce.
In New Hampshire—Brentwood, Sept. 13, Joseph E. Langlais, 24; Whitefield, Oct. 21, Leon Harris; Colebrook, Nov. 21, Edward LeMire, 40; Hollis, Dec. 5, J. Frank Collins, 17.

In Massachusetts—West Andover, Oct. 21, Gerald Robinson, 11; Melrose, Nov. 4, Edward H. Yatt, 25.

Maine's list is given below:
Sanford, Sept. 25, Ralph E. Downs, 21; Danforth, Sept. 28, Andrew Muehr, 19; Charlotte, Oct. 2, Leroy H. Jarvis, Irving G. Frichard, 21; Bethel, Oct. 5, Ernest E. Fowler, 27; Bethel, Oct. 14, Herbert W. Cummings; Tremont, Oct. 17, John Kimball, 30; (drowned); Peru, Oct. Edward Turner, 16; Swanville, Oct. 28, Addison Knowlton, 25; Calais, Nov. 8, Rollins, 14; Moosehead Lake, Nov. 10, Greenville P. Stevens, 33; (drowned); Lincoln, Oct. 9, Morris N. Little, 17; Gilead, Dec. 19, Frank H. Marshall, 32; Ray Point, Dec. 13, John Davis, 14; Brewer, John C. Halford; Lewiston, Ernest B. Copel.

Fatalities in the provinces were as follows:
Megantic, P. Q., Wilfred Paradis, 18; Wood Point, N. B., Sept. 19, Edward Cook, 13; Sabie River, N. S., Oct. 11, John Richardson, 80; Woodstock, N. B., Sept. 28, Stanley Turner, 17; Covered Bridge, N. B., Oct. 16, George Clary, 14; Tiverton, N. S., Normal Elliot, 20.

108,000 EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY.

American Car Manufacturers Number 253

—Wages Higher Than in Other Countries.

When the ways and means committee of the House of Representatives at Washington in recent session took up the metal schedule a delegate of men representing the automobile interests of the country was heard, and facts were produced to show that the automobile capital of the nation was \$187,000,000, that the automobile industry gave employment directly to 108,000 people and through related trades to 100,000 more. How rapidly this interest has developed is shown by the fact that although the history of the automobile covers little over a decade, 150,000 motor cars have in that time been put in use in this country, and that a 50 per cent. increase is in prospect for 1909, the manufacturers promising to have 75,000 new cars on the market. This will mean the marketing of one vehicle for each 1,000 people.

The estimated value of the automobile product of the United States for the coming season is \$150,000,000. The manufacturers number 253, and of these 125 are makers of motor cars recognized as practical and of standard grade. There are 19 in Michigan, 13 in Indiana, 10 in New York and eight in Ohio. The wages paid in this country in the automobile industry run 150 per cent. per workman over those paid abroad, it is said. For the work for which the American gets 25 cents an hour, the foreigner gets only 10 cents, according to the figures.

1,000,000 USERS OF OPIUM.

Anti-cigarette League Heads Says Insanity is Increasing.

Chicago, Dec. 17.—"Insanity grows three times as fast in proportion as the increase in population in the United States," Dr. David Paulson, president of the Anti-cigarette League, made his statement.

"China," he continued, "used 20 grains of opium last year for every man, woman and child. The United States used 55 grains. There are at least 1,000,000 opium users in this country."

GUILTY OF DYNAMITE OUTRAGE.

A Woman Convicted in Oakland, California.

Oakland, Cal., Dec. 17.—Isabella J. Martin, charged with conspiracy in dynamiting the residence of Judge F. B. Ogden in 1907, was found guilty Tuesday. The maximum penalty is life imprisonment. The motive for the crime was revenge on Judge Ogden for an adverse decision in a suit to recover money from an insurance company for houses she is said to have fired.

Hale's Honey

of Horsehood and Tar

Coughs Colds

and Throat Troubles

ALL DRUGGISTS

Fike's Toothache Drops

Cure in One Minute

LEAVES \$50,000,000

ALL TO HER RELATIVES

Will of Mary Pinkney, Richest Woman in Harlem, Filed for Probate.

New York, Dec. 17.—The will of Mary G. Pinkney, the richest woman in Harlem, just filed for probate, leaves about \$50,000,000 to relatives. It provides also that the bodies of relatives buried in the old Watt farm be removed to the testator's plot in Woodlawn. Thomas L. Watt and Curtis P. Pierce are named as trustees. Two servants received \$500. Mary Vanderpool receives \$20,000. Thomas L. Watt, son of Miss Pinkney's step-brother, gets all the furniture, works of art, library, horses and carriages.

The Watt estate, the only farm in New York City, between 139th and 140th streets, Lenox and Seventh avenues, goes to Thomas L. Watt. The remainder of the estate is divided into four equal parts. One-quarter each is left to Thomas L. Watt and Archibald Watt, one share to be held in trust for Julia Morris. The remaining quarter share is divided, one-half to be paid directly to Grace Watt, the other half to be held in trust for her.

SAILORS BUSY IN CEYLON.

The British Commander Entertains the Officers.

Colombo, Ceylon, Dec. 17.—The men of the American fleet are thoroughly enjoying their daily trips to Kandy, an inland town situated on the banks of a fine artificial lake. General S. B. C. Lawrence, commander of the British troops in Ceylon, entertained Rear Admiral Sperry and his flag officers at luncheon Tuesday. The medical officers of the fleet were the guests of Sir Allan Perry, chief medical officer of Ceylon.

Panama, Dec. 17.—Many of the men of the Pacific fleet, most of whom are from California and Colorado, were given shore leave Tuesday. No disorders occurred, the men seeming to get along with the people of the city. Early in the morning Rear Admiral Swinburne, the commander of the fleet, sent an officer ashore and arranged with the Panama authorities for the policing of the same. These arrangements were approved by President Obaldia. If necessary, the admiral will disembark a guard of marines.

FRENCH TUNNEL COLLISION.

Fifteen Persons Killed; Thirty Injured.

Limoges, France, Dec. 17.—A collision between a freight and a passenger train near here today resulted in the death of fifteen persons and the injury of thirty others. Fire broke out after the accident and most of the victims were pinned beneath the wreckage and burned to death. The great heat interfered with the work of rescue. The collision occurred in the Pouch tunnel, between here and Brive.

GEN BOOTH OPERATED ON.

Doctors Hopeful He Will Recover His Sight.

Longhain, Dec. 17.—General William Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation army, was operated upon today for cataract, and the doctors are hopeful that he will completely recover his sight.

BRIDGE FALLS; 4 DEAD.

Pier and Span of New Potomac Structure Collapse.

Martinsburg, W. Va., Dec. 17.—Four persons were killed here yesterday and six others were injured when a pier and span of the new bridge across the Potomac river at Williamsport collapsed. Two of the injured are expected to die.

TO THE PUBLIC

We Are Agents for Parisian Sage, and We Know the Guarantee is Genuine.

The Red Cross Pharmacy.

Parisian Sage, the quick acting hair restorer, is guaranteed—
To stop falling hair.
To cure itching of the scalp.
To put life into faded hair.
To make hair soft and luxuriant.
To make hair grow, or money back.

What Parisian Sage did for Chas. S. Baker it will do for you. Read the following:

"I was so bald and such a shining mark for my friends that I, as a last resort, tried your Parisian Sage (after trying several bottles of the highly advertised and high priced so-called hair restorers), and I am glad to say I now have a heavy growth of new hair over carrying my shining mark for over seven years. I gladly recommend Parisian Sage to all afflicted with baldness."

Chas. S. Baker, 491 Main Street East, Rochester, N. Y.

It is the most delightful hair dressing made, and is a great favorite with ladies who desire beautiful and luxuriant hair. Price 50 cents a bottle at the Red Cross Pharmacy, or by express, charges prepaid, from Giroux Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LODGE GOES FOR FORAKER

Denounces "Effort to Make Race Issue" Out OF BROWNSVILLE AFFAIR

Is Military Discipline Only—Speaking as a Champion of the Negro, He Asserts the Unconstitutionality of the Foraker Bill.

Washington, Dec. 17.—The Brownsville "shooting up" revival again occupied the attention of the Senate yesterday, as a sequel of the president's special message and Senator Foraker's amendment of his own bill so as to take the matter of reinstatement of the discharged negro soldiers absolutely out of the executive's control.

Senator Lodge took the floor for a lengthy speech in which, as was inevitable, he came to the defense of President Roosevelt and condemned the position assumed by Mr. Foraker. He declared that he was "bred up" with a profound sympathy for and interest in the negroes of the United States and had tried always to aid and serve them. A bill which he reported, and which passed the House of Representatives representing the last attempt made to secure to them their political rights in the south.

"I have encountered criticism, odium and political attack in their behalf," he declared, "which cannot be said of many of those who, outside of this chamber for one reason or another have busied themselves with this affair and sought to make capital out of it. I speak, therefore, as their friend when I say that no greater misfortune has happened to them in late years than this effort to make a race issue out of a case of military discipline."

"Sympathy For Criminals."

Self-selected champions of these soldiers in various parts of the country sought, he said, not for equality before the law, but for special treatment for the Brownsville soldiers on the ground of race.

"As a friend of the negro race I deplore the agitation which had this end in view," he said. "These soldiers are entitled to the same treatment, as soldiers and citizens, that white men would be entitled to—neither more nor less."

He deplored any appeal to sympathy for criminals, which has become the fashion of the time. If action in this matter is to be determined by sympathy, he said, his sympathy would not go to the man who did the shooting, but to the harmless boy who was killed to the lieutenant of police dangerously wounded and injured for life in the performance of his duty, and to the women and children covering the floor while bullets crashed through the walls of their dwellings. Brushing wished exact justice so far as it could be attained. The crime of these men was made greater because they were United States soldiers employed for the protection of the people.

He favored the Warner bill, which allows the president to restore to the innocent to the army whenever he is satisfied that any of them were blameless. He condemned the Foraker bill, which he said, attempts to force back into the army not only innocent men, but men who were guilty of a serious crime. He made an exhaustive argument on the unconstitutionality of the Foraker bill, which obliges the president to re-enlist these soldiers whether he thinks they ought to be re-enlisted or not. Such an act, he declared, would be an encroachment upon the constitutional rights of the president and subversive of discipline in the army.

DAVIS ON THE STAND.

Newspaper Writer Tells of the Business of Cardenio F. King.

Boston, Dec. 17.—When the trial of Cardenio F. King, a promoter indicted for the larceny of \$25,000 from 31 persons, was resumed yesterday in the superior court, Judge Schofield excluded as irrelevant the question which counsel for the defense asked yesterday of witness Frank Davis, a newspaper writer employed by King to assist in writing advertisements, as to whether he, Davis, considered the subject matter of the King's advertisements worthy of belief. King leaned far forward as the judge pronounced his decision on the point and seemed somewhat anxious until Mr. Parker explained to the court that he only asked the question to bring out whether King was acting in good or bad faith, and that he would not press for an exception.

Mr. Davis then resumed his testimony under cross-examination and stated that on the day of the failure of the Knickerbocker Trust company in New York, King said that it was an excellent time to buy stocks and intended to advertise such advice and would not press his own securities until the stock market had risen. He sent Davis to the stock exchange to get a list of some 20 good stocks and said that he believed that the great expense in advertising would be amply repaid.

Davis assisted in writing many of the advertisements.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

DR. T. Felix Goursaud's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.

Removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Patches, Redness, Itchiness, and every blemish from the face. It is a perfect skin preservative. It is a perfect skin preservative. It is a perfect skin preservative.

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WASHBURN-CROSBY'S

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

But the Grocer has more—Thank Goodness

"WASSERMUCKER" IS THE LATEST TERM

Word Coined For Those Who Zealously Fight Liquor Traffic.

Chicago, Dec. 17.—"Wassermucker" This word came into the English language yesterday when President Schneider of the Chicago board of education made public a letter from A. W. May, a United States commissioner at Dallas, Tex., expressing sympathy with Mr. Schneider in upholding a public school teacher who announced her opposition to the prohibition movement.

A "wassermucker" according to May is one who displays marked zeal in fighting the liquor traffic. "Wassermucker" is German for "water," while "mucker" is recognized by the dictionaries as meaning a stable cleaner, a low, dirty fellow, and also as a fall in the mud.

"Our glorious state," wrote Mr. May, "is also threatened with these 'wassermuckers,' and they propose to force state-wide prohibition on us with the aid of the legislature."

President Schneider predicted that "wassermucker" would be recognized by lexicographers along with "muck-rakers."

SMALL TOWN AGGRESSION.

Legislature Under Dominance of Their Representatives.

The present legislature seems to be completely under the domination of about 150 members of the House, practically all farmers, practically all from small towns, who sit back in their seats, take no part in debate, give no evidence of human life and interest, and yet who, when actually called upon to vote, have done more to defeat progressive legislation and retard the onward movement of the state to better things than any other factor.

These men are apparently open to conviction, and yet, having agreed to a proposition to-day, they are just as apt to return it to-morrow. They may have convictions, but they have not as yet been exhibited. So far, the sum total of their motive seems to be a sort of unreasoning prejudice, a silly and greedy jealousy of the larger towns, that is as unwarranted as it is ridiculous.

Practically every measure of taxation, of ways and means, of internal government of all kinds, has been shaped, designed and interpreted for the benefit of the smaller town. The attitude of their representatives is ungrateful and uncalculated.

The prospect of taxation reform has practically disappeared in a swirl of prejudice and suspicion. The slightest, the narrowest view of the subject has been the rule, and even with such a view, profound and realistic ignorance of actual conditions has pervaded the underlying motives of those who voted against the abolition of offset.

The man from the small town not only votes against the interests of the man from the larger town. He votes against his own.—Rutland Herald.

MARSHAL KILLS ASSAILANT.

Is Badly Wounded in a Fight in Greenwich, Ohio.

Toledo, O., Dec. 17.—An unknown man was instantly killed and Marshal F. C. Woods of Greenwich, Huron county, was seriously wounded early yesterday in an encounter with five men in the railroad yards of that village. Marshal Woods accosted a man standing near the post office and acting in a suspicious manner. The marshal escorted him to the railroad yards, and just as they reached the tracks four other men jumped from behind a car and ordered the officer to throw up his hands. He did, but in one hand he had an automatic revolver, which he fired. One bullet pierced the heart of one of the quartet, who fell dead. The firing was returned and one of the bullets struck the marshal in the back. As he fell the men beat him to insensibility, and then escaped. The firing aroused the town, and the wounded marshal and the body of the unknown man were found in the railroad yards. The dead man was about fifty-five years of age and well dressed.

MORE ABOUT NIGHT RIDERS.

Special Grand Jury Continues Investigation.

Union City, Tenn., Dec. 17.—The selection of a jury to hear the cases of the eight men charged with murder in connection with the recent night rider raids at Reelfoot Lake will begin today. The special grand jury yesterday heard several witnesses and learned more of the earlier raids, especially about the burning of the fish wharves at Samburg in April.

One of the witnesses, John Shaw, proprietor of a general store at Samburg, was several times "visited." When the fish wharves were burned he was forced, according to his statement, to take a place in the rear of the crowd and act as a shield for the bullets of those in charge of the raids.

It is reported that additional troops will be brought to assist those now here in guarding the court during the trials and prevent any demonstration.

A Simple Method.

(Copyright, 1908, by American Press Association.)

I am a judge on the bench.

One morning when I was disposing of a number of cases, any one of which would make a refined and tender heart bleed, I saw a young couple, evidently still in their teens, come into the courtroom. Both looked sullen, and the girl wife especially wretched. Both were poorly clad, a consequence, I judged, of difficulties between them.

The young husband gave every evidence of being able to make a living for himself and his wife except for some especial obstacle. The wife had a sweet face and was very pretty. While sitting on the seat of judgment, sending hardened criminals to their punishment, I kept my eye on this couple. Experience told me that one had come to make some complaint of the other's treatment; but, familiar as I was with real guilt, I knew that it did not belong to either. When I had disposed of the bulk of my cases I called the couple before me and without inviting either to state the difficulty between them I asked:

"How long have you two been married?"

"Just one year today," replied the girl sadly.

"And this is the anniversary of your wedding day. You come here with what you consider a trouble. Do you know that you have no trouble?"

There was no reply to this. Both stood mutely before my statement by the misery of their appearance and the expression on their faces.

"How old are you?" I asked the husband.

"Nineteen, your honor."

"And you?" of the girl.

"Seventeen."

What should I do with this boy and girl to turn their antagonism into forgiveness and affection? Suddenly it came to me as an inspiration from heaven.

"Sit down there, side by side, and think pleasant things of each other. Mind, you are not to think anything disagreeable. If such things come into your heads, drive them out at once and begin again on something affectionate."

They did as I bid them, while I proceeded with the remaining cases to come before me. I still had my eye on them and found them an interesting study. The husband sat for awhile with a lowering brow, but he was evidently trying to do my bidding, and after awhile I noticed that it had relaxed. The wife apparently found it easier to think pleasantly of him, and presently I saw her steal a glance at him. It was anxious, pleading, loving. His hand was on the seat and partly covered by her skirts. Hers disappeared from view, and I knew that it

rested on his. I waited a moment to see if he would withdraw his, and when he did not I knew that the case was won.

A pleasurable feeling came over my hardened judicial heart, and, looking from this comparatively innocent pair to creatures into whom only divinity could inject a mite of the good, I wished that I might be endowed with such divine power. I sent one who had inherited sin and had lived since birth in its environment to jail, another to the workhouse, a third I dismissed with a warning. Men and women, even children, I disposed of mercilessly. Then when I had attended to all I called the young couple before me.

"This is the anniversary of your wedding," I said. "You remember how happy you were on that day. You remember." To the husband, "how pretty she looked. Well, she is as pretty today, only senseless bickerings have kept you from work, and she is not so well dressed. And you," to the wife, "don't bother him about unimportant things, nor importune him, but dust trouble off him every day as you dust your rooms. It is the wife's part. Now go and celebrate your first wedding anniversary."

They turned away, but I noticed that there was something on the man's mind. The wife came back and whispered to me:

"He has nothing to celebrate with."

I put my hand in my pocket and drew forth some bills. "This is for the supper," I said, "and this for theater tickets. Have a good time and don't ever come here again on such an errand."

As they left me the man had an abashed look, while his young wife's face was wreathed in smiles. As I looked at them I felt the justice in my charge to the girl that it was her part to ward trouble from her husband. Whatever he felt he had no ability to show; what she felt was as plain as the sun in heaven.

The case, though different from the thousands that came before me and refreshing as it was, had passed out of my mind when one day on taking my seat for my day's work I saw on my desk a cheap glass vase containing a bunch of ordinary flowers. Before I rested a card on which was written: "From the garden of our happy home. Second wedding anniversary of John and Mary Hilton."

Having no remembrance of John and Mary Hilton, I